ain's modification with respect to firearms will be extermination of the seals. The Treasury officials have practically decided on the number of skins which the North American Commercial Company may take during the coming season. The com-pany will be authorized to take 7,500 skins, and this number may be increased to any number not exceeding fifteen thousand if, in the judgment of the department's agent at the Pribyloff islands, such increase would not seriously endanger the natural increase of the seal herds. The department has telegraphed to the seament as the search of the seal herds. graphed to the commanuer of the Grant, at Port Townsend, instructing him to proceed to join the other cutters of the Bering sea fleet as soon as her repairs are completed.

## PLACE THAT NEEDS CLEANSING. Cholera Epidemie in the Holy Land

of the Mohammedans. WASHINGTON, May 15.- The advices of the Surgeon-general of the Marine Hospital Service confirm the reports of the appearance of cholera among the Mohammedan pilgrims to the Hejaz, "the Mohammedan holy land," but are not of as recent date as the press dispatches. The reports to the surgeon-general received from the United States sanitary commissioner, at Constantinople, have indicated for the past month that the conditions were ripe for an epidemic this summer and detail the efforts of the international sanitary commission to prevent such an occurrence because of liability of disease, when once well started, at Mecca, to spread to all parts of the world in the course of time. It appears from these reports, however, that the commission has had difficulty in accomplishing any substantial reforms, because of the difficulty of securing the co-operation of the Turkish government, which insists upon regarding question as a political rather than a sanitary one. It appears that the pilgrims are taxed ten plasters each for the purpose of maintaining sanitary conditions, but the commission which controls this fund declines to permit the use of it at this maintains that as the fund is collected for this purpose it is only fair that it should be so utilized. Temporary steps have been taken on the island of Camaran, the Red sea quarantine station for the pilgrims, to prevent, if possible, the spread of the disease from that place, where it appears to have obtained its most secure footbold, but the United States commissioner says that what has been done is illusive.

Exports and Imports.

WASHINGTON, May 15 .- A statement of the imports, exports and immigration of the United States during the last month and the ten months ended April 30, 1895, issued to-day by the Bureau of Statistics shows the exports of domestic merchandise during April, 1895, to have been \$63,956,066, a gain of about \$1,800,000 over the exports during April, 1894. For the ten months, the exports of domestic merchandise amounted to \$679,920,337, against \$754,499,072 in 1894. The mports of dutiable merchandise during the month amounted to \$35,028,690, against \$21,772,193 during April, 1894. For the ten months the imports amounted to \$303,560,654, against \$230,730,221 in 1894. The exports of gold coin and bullion during April aggregated \$2,893,610, and the imports \$4,933,063. During the last ten months the exports gold amounted to \$64,414,471, which is \$36,209,700 in excess of the imports. The exports of silver during the ten months ounted to \$38,577,220 and the imports \$7,636,626. The number of immigrants who arrived in the United States during the last ten months amounted to 193,621.

The Maryland Senatorship. WASHINGTON, May 15 .- Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, who is the senior Republican member of the Senate committee on privileges and elections, which will pass on the credentials of Mr. Henry A. Dupont and of any other appointed Senator by the Governor of Delaware, has written a letter to ex-Senator Higgins, in which he says: "I have no hesitation in giving you personally my present impressions which are very strongly to the effect that the acting Governor of your State 'holding office of Governor has no right, while holding such office and exercising its functions, to exercise any of the functions of a Senator, either those relating to the election of a United States Senator or otherwise. If I am right in this then it would seem to follow very clearly that Mr. Du-pont was legally elected Senator." He adds that possibly on full argument the views

taken might be changed. The Long Pension Case.

WASHINGTON, May 15 .- The appeal of Commissioner of Pensions Lochren from the mandamus of the District Supreme Court, forbidding him to reduce the pension rating of Judge C. D. Long, of Michigan, came up in the United States Court of Appeals to-day. Edward B. Whitney appeared for the Commissioner and T. F. Hopkins for Judge Long. The case of Wm. Shakespeare, of Kalamazoo, Mich., whose pension was rerated on somewhat similar grounds, is being held over to awalt the result of the

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, May 15.-Dr. Jas. F. West was to-day appointed a member of the board of medical pension examiners at

Chief Hazen, of the secret service, left for Ottawa, Canada, to-day with President Cleveland's warrant, making him the agent of the United States, with authority to bring to Buffalo, N. Y., for trial, Mrs. M. T. Meck, charged with counterfeiting and uttering United States postage stamps. R. V. Hartloff and G. L. Causy, of Evans-ville; J. M. Brammer, of Fort Wayne; T. Auchword, of Decatur, and J. ighty, of St. Joe, are registered at local The Secretary of Agriculture has arranged to station inspectors along the

Mexican border to prevent the importation of infected cattle into the United States, Maccabees Elect Officers.

PORT HURON, Mich., May 15 .- Election of officers of the Supreme Hive and Supreme Tent of the Maccabees were held to-day, resulting as follows: Supreme Hive-Supreme commander, Mrs. Lillian M. Hollister, Detroit; lieutenant commander, Mrs. Emma R. Neidig, Los Angeles, Cal.; record keeper, Bina M. West, Port Huron; finance keeper, Kittie Warner, Flint; chaplain, Irene Raub, Bradford, Pa.; sergeant, Alice E. Boyd,

Supreme Tent-Supreme commander, P. Markey; lieutenant commander, Jas. Downer, Chicago; record keeper, N. Tent-Supreme commander, D. Chicago; record keeper, N. S. Boynton; finance keeper, C. D. Thompson; medical examiner, S. E. Boss; chaplain, W. E. Brown, Seymour, Ind.; sergeant, H. E. Trent, Toronto.

"Jim" Nutt Convicted.

ATCHISON, Kan., May 15.-The jury in the case of "Jim" Nutt who made a murderous assault upon Leonard Coleman and Mrs. Jessie Payton, in this county, last February, returned a verdict of guilty in the Coleman case this evening. The jury was out forty minutes. The extreme penalty on this charge is ten years in the pen. Nutt was apparently unmoved by the ver-dict. He made no statement, but it is expected that the usual application for a new trial will be made. The verdict is approved by the people here, even Nutt's friends admitting he is not a safe man to be at large. Nutt will be arraigned tomorrow on the charge of assaulting and attempting to kill Mrs. Payton. Nutt was made notorious ten years ago by his con-nection with the Dukes tragedy in Penna.

Five Men Buried in the Ruins.

ATLANTA, May 15,-An accident in which five men were scridusly injured occurred this afternoon at the new mills being erected by the Exposition Cotton Mills Company. The men were working on the third floor and were raising a heavy piece of timgave way. The timber fell and struck other timbers. This started the others and the whole inside work of the immense building was soon in ruins, with five men beneath the broken and twisted lumber. The injured are: S. B. Pylant, white, foreman; Will McKenney, colored, carpenter; Henry Clay, Will Dunlap and John Dunlap, all colored, laborers. It is thought three will die. The damage to the mills is consid-

MORRISSON'S

JUDGMENT ENTERED FOR THE PLAINTIFF ON THE JURY'S FINDING.

Attorneys for the Defense File a Motion for a New Trial-Artist Steele at Huntington.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., May 15.-The attorneys in the Morrisson will case met with Judge Black this morning at the courthouse. Those for the plaintiffs asked that judgment on the verdict be granted them, and after some discussion the court granted the judgment, which makes the paper executed on July 25, 1893, and which purported to be the last will and testament of James L. Morrisson, null, and it is therefore set aside. In accordance with this the letters testamentary which has been issued to Elgar G. Hibberd are taken away. His wife will most likely be made the executrix of the estate, with a bond that will exceed

The defense made application for a new trial, and were given 150 days in which to

\$1,000,000, the largest ever given in Wayne

file a bill of exceptions. The outcome of the case was the allabsorbing topic last night everywhere in the city. Many people are asking what the cost of the great trial has been, but this information cannot be given out accuratey for some time, as all of the costs have not been ascertained, even by those who have such matters in charge. The trial lasted almost four months and a balf, and covered a total of 131 days, of which 103 days were consumed by the actual proceedings. The jurors were paid \$2 per day for each day of actual trial, which, in the aggregate, makes \$2,472. Of the \$2 per day the county pays 75 cents and \$1.25 per day for each juror goes as costs in the case, to be paid by the losing side, Besides the \$2,472, the jurors are allowed 5 cents per mile each time they went to their homes, and this will cut no little figure in the costs. One juror has a bill of 760 miles, which makes \$38, and the average will be about \$25 for such expenses. The costs of the judge, the court reporter, the sheriff and the clerk will also be quite large, although the exact amount at this time cannot be given. The cost of witnesses will be large, ilthough it is not probable that all of them will claim fees. The amount paid the attorneys has never been rightly given, and in ost cases the amounts stated to have been paid the array of legal talent have most probably been exaggerated. The plaintiffs, course, have the heaviest expense of this kind, the fee of General Harrison being, no doubt, very large, possibly \$10,000.

MODERN ART TENDENCIES.

Artist Steele Before the Literary Club's Union at Huntington.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HUNTINGTON, Ind., May 15 .- The second day of the union of literary clubs was an interesting session. President Scot Butler, of Irvington, read the opening paper on "The place of the Study of the Classics in Modern Education." The study of Greek and Latin was declared the most complete method of studying grammar. Teaching languages to be spoken commercial purposes, he said, error, the true aim being develop the mind. A paper on "Helen and Penelope," by Mrs. Perrin, of Lafayette, was read by Mrs. Goss, of that city, in the absence of the author. Katherine Merrill, of Indianapolis, led the discussion. An entertaining paper full of pathos was a dialect story of "Lizabeth," a colored character of the South, by Mary S. Judah, of Memphis, Tenn. The imper-sonation was highly entertaining and was followed by prolonged applause. Miss Car-totta Cipriani, of Terre Haute, sent a paper on modern Italy, which was received with favor. Mrs. J. L. Ketcham, of Indianapolis, led the discussion on this. The tendencies of modern art by T.

Steele, Indianapolis, was a paper of decided interest. Mr. Steele was received with great favor. Art schools as they exist to-day were considered, and the realism of present art was shown. Mrs. Lillie Beaber, of Fort Wayne, led the discussion, which followed. Hon John L. Griffiths, of Indianapolis, entertained a large audience at Library Hall this evening, his subject being "Read the Best Books." It was an excellent paper and greatly appreciated. The union closes at noon to-morrow, a

piano recital by Miss Josephine Large, of hicago, being one of the features. The social event was a reception by the Indiana Sorosis from 4 o'clock to 6 o'clock at the Purviance Home. It was a very elaborate affair and the guests were entertained with refreshments and music.

## CONGREGATIONALISTS.

General Association in Session a Marion-Organization and Reports. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARION, Ind., May 15 .- The General Association of the Congregational Church was organized this morning by the selection of Rev. F. E. Knoff, of Elkhart, as moderator; Rev. F. A. Slyfield, of Brightwood, scribe, and Mrs. Grace C. Cheney, of Anderson, assistant. A business committee was appointed, consisting of Rev. Levi White, of Marion; Dr. N. A. Hyde, of Indianapolis, and Dr. J. H. Crum, of Terre Haute. Drs. Hyde and Crum were also appointed delegates to the centennial celebration of the establishment of the church in the Northwest Territory, to be held at

Reports of the various registrars were read. They show an increase in both membership and the amount of work done. Addresses were delivered by W. F. McMillan, district secretary, and Dr. W. A. Duncan, of Boston, field secretary. Michigan City was selected as the place

for the next meeting. Addresses were made to-night by Rev. Judson Smith, D. D., of Boston, and Rev. J. B. Clark, D. D., of New York. Among those present are the following: Amboy, Rev. W. A. Walker, A. Jones and six visiting delegates; Anderson, Rev. A. H. Ball, Mrs. G. C. Cheney; Cannelburg, Rev. B. McIntosh; Cardonia, Rav. James Hayes; Dunkirk, Rev. W. A. Thomas; Elkhart, Rev. F. E. Knopf; Fairmount, Rev. J. E. Butler, Rev. J. M. Welborn; Fort Wayne, Rev. J. S. Ainslie, Mrs. W. E. Mossman, John Gilbert, W. V. Douglass; Indianapolis, Rev. Dewhurst, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Bell, Mrs. Bruner, Rev. A. S. Smith, Dr. Hyde; Andrews, Mrs. Park, Mrs. Miller; Liber, Rev. A. E. Pierce; Marion, Rev. Levi White, Cyrus Moore; Michigan City, Rev. W. C. Gordon, Rev. A. H. James; Ridgeville, Rev. George Henry, Mrs. Mc-Farland; Terre Haute, Rev. J. H. Crumm, Rev. W. F. Hardy, Hugh Kilborn and Miss

Elizabeth Warren. Commencement at Earlham. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., May 15 .- The programme for the thirty-sixth annual commencement of Earlham College has just

been issued, and is as follows:

Friday, June 7 .- 8 p. m., annual music re-Saturday, June 8 .- 8 p. m., annual elocutionary entertainment. Sunday, June 9.—10:30 a. m., baccalaure-ate service, President J. J. Mills; 8 p. m., address before the Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A., by Judge L. J. Kirkpatrick, of Kokomo, subject, "Concentration the Tendency of the Age.

Monday, June 10.—8 p. m., public exercises of the Ionian and Phoenix societies. Tuesday, June 11.-9 a. m., class day exercises by the senior class; 3 p. m., address before the literary societies by Hon. D. P. Baldwin, of Logansport, subject, "The Science of Silence;" 8 p. m., public meeting of the alumni association, address by Mary L. Bruner, A. B., M. D., of Greenfield, subject, "Our Heritage;" poem by Clarence Mills Burkholder, B. L., subject, "In the Wake of Years;" 9 p. m quinquennial banquet of the alumni association and liter-

Wednesday, June 12 .- 9 a. m., commencement exercises; address by Albion W. Small, Ph. D., head professor of social science Chicago University, subject, "Help Wanted; conferring degrees; 2 p. m., business meeting of the alumni association; 4 p. m., meeting of the alumni executive board. There will be an art exhibition in the studio in Lindley Hall during the entire week of commencement.

Inquest on John Moore's Body. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

NOBLESVILLE, Ind., May 15 .- The coroner to-day held an inquest on the body of John Moore, the victim of Charles Stevenson's revolver, as told in the Journal this morning. The postmortem examination shows that two shots took effect, and the shot that caused death entered the back a little to the right, passed through the right lung and severed the aorta about an inch and a half above the heart, resulting in almost instant death from internal hemor-

rhage. The murder was most cold blooded and cruel, and so far as can be ascertained without any cause whatever. Stevenson expresses no regret, but on the contrary says it was just what he intended to do, and would do the same thing again. He recently took the Keely cure at Plainfield, but began drinking again in a short time.

Winners in Earlbam Field-Day Game Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., May 15.-Earlham College had her annual field day to-day to select representatives to the State field day. The winners were:

One-hundred-yards dash-Kenworthy won. Time, 11 seconds. Putting sixteen-pound shot-Hester won. Distance, 30 feet 7 inches. Running broad jump-Hester, 17.87 feet. One-quarter mile safety-Freshour in 371/2

Mile walk-Hoover, in 9:24. Pole vault-Haworth, 8 feet 6 inches. Throwing baseball-Hadley, 263 feet. Standing high jump-Johnson, 7.8 feet. Two-hundred-and-twenty-yard dash-Kenworthy, in 261/2 seconds.

One-half mile safety—Stout, in 1:20.

Hop, step and jump—Hester, 39.91 feet.

Throwing sixteen-pound hammer-Hester, High kick-Haworth, 8.5 feet. One-quarter mile run-Kenworthy, in

Mile safety-Stout, in 2:49. Running high jump-Haworth, 5.1 feet. Standing broad jump-Rush, 9.2 feet. Two-mile safety-Stout, in 7:32. Milerun -Hester, in 5:30. The juniors won the \$75 silver cup offered by the faculty to the class securing

Will Sue Warden Patten.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., May 15 .- Riley Fox, an ex-United States prisoner, has expressed his intention of suing Warden Patten, of the Prison South, for unlawful detention in the penitentiary. Fox was sentenced for eighteen months for violating the postal laws. He made two months good time, and demanded his release, but Warden Patten claimed that he could hold him for thirty days, as the costs in the case had not been paid. It was afterward learned that Judge Baker did not assess any costs in the case, and after a consultation with United States Commissioner Harrison, of New Albany, Warden Patten decided to release him. On these grounds Fox will

New Depot for Shelbyville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

a Book ville, ind., May 15 .- For several years the depot facilities of the Big Four railroad have been deemed inadequate for the accommodation of passenger and freight business. Some time since a committee of twenty-five manufacturers and merchants of this city visited President Ingalls and asked him to personally look after the needs of the people here. With some of the prominent officers of the road, he was here to-day and stated that the railroad needed new depots, and as soon as a suitable locaa modern building. It is probable that a Union Depot will be erected at the crossing of the Big Four and Pennsylvania

United States Baking Company.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Ind., May 15 .- The stockholders of the United States Baking Company met here to-day and elected the following officers and directors: Directors, Moses M. Drake, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. W. Derrick, Buffalo, N. Y.; W. S. Crane, Detroit, Mich.; Louis Cox, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Alex. Taggart, Indianapolis, Ind.; C. E. Rumsey, Pittsburg, Pa.; Perrin Langdon, Cincinnati, O.; O. Stolzenbach, Zanesville, O.; B. W. Hathman, Dayton, O.; B. F. Crawford, Mansfield, O.; S. S. Marvin, Pittsburg, Pa. Officers-President, S. S. Marvin, Pittsburg; secretary, C. E. Rum-sey, Pittsburg; superintendent of construc-tion, John Zeller, Richmond, Ind.

No Law for Fence Building. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

LAPORTE, Ind., May 15.-The trustees of New Durham township, this county, was called to build a fence between disagreeing parties, and after it was built one of the parties refused to pay for a part of it Suit was begun, and during the trial the fact was brought out that there was no law on the matter. It has been supposed there was, and the trustees have all been work ing under it for several years, but it proves to be an amendment to a law that had been repealed, hence it is no law at all. It is exactly like the new law for the election of county school superintendents, and the dis covery will be an important matter throughout the State

Suicide of a Young Minister. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

PETERSBURG, Ind., May 15 .- News has just reached this place of the suicide of Otto Laswell, a young minister living at Augusta, this county. Saturday afternoon Laswell went to Winslow and purchased a box of "Rough on Rats." He then walked to the residence of a relative, where h swallowed the contents of the box and died at 9 o'clock. About two months ago Laswas egged at Augusta and this is said to have preyed on his mind with the above result. The remains were taken to English, Ind., for burial.

Trainman Instantly Killed. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ANDERSON, Ind., May 15 .- Richard Padgett, of North Vernon, was instantly killed in the yards of the Big Four this morning, near the Union glass works. Padgett, who was a brakeman on the local freight the southern division, was caught while making a coupling, thrown under a car and two of the trucks passed over his body. The trainmen who went to his rescue found him dead. The remains will be sent to North Vernon to-night. He was twenty-two years old and unmarried.

Dr. Sims Lectured at Frankfort.

Special to the Indianapo'is Journal. FRANKFORT, Ind., May 15.-Rev. C. N. Sims, in his admirable lecture, "A Typical American," was the card at the May festival last evening and the Methodist Church would not hold the people who went to hear him. Dr. Sims has been on the programme at the festival three consecutive years. Rev. W. B. Slutz, former pactor of the church here, who recently returned from a trip to the old world, lectured on "Jerusalem and Its Environs.

William Brooks's House Burned, Special to the Indianapolis Journal. M'CORDSVILLE, Ind., May 15 .- The residence of William Brooks, two miles north of town, was destroyed by fire to day. Loss, \$2,500; insured in the Continental for \$1,200. Mr. and Mrs. Brooks were at Fortville, and knew nothing of the fire. Their four children, ranging from five to thirteen, were at home and gave the alarm, but too late to save anything.

Will Celebrate the Fourth. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

ANDERSON, Ind., May 15 .- Major May Post, G. A. R., and the Columbia Rifles, of this city have united and will give a grand celebration on the 4th of July. Arrangements are being made by the committee for a grand parade and sham battle, followed by a display of fireworks at night. Capt. K. M. Barr and Major C. T. Doxey are assisting in the arrangements. A Union of Undertakers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. ANDERSON, Ind., May 15 .- The undertakers of Madison county effected an organization. They will establish uniform rates for all services. Mr. Frank Munchoff, of Anderson, was elected president and S. Selis, secretary and treasurer, Alexandria, Elwood, Summitville, Pendleton, Lapel and Frankton were represented in

Popular Young Man Dead. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., May 15 .- Edward Whitlow, one of the most popular young men of the city, died suddenly last night at the home of his father. Mr. Whitlow has been ill for some time with diabetes, but his death was not expected. He was married to Miss Stella Grayson three years

School Teacher Elopes.

PORTLAND, Ind., May 15.-Chris White-

man, a school teacher of Briant, this county.

last night eloped with his sister-in-law,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

couple.

Celia Hannon, who is only sixteen years old. The father is on the hunt for the

Losses by Fire. DETROIT, Mich., May 15 .- Fire destroyed over half of the lumber and nearly all of the buildings belonging to the Dwight Lumber Company this morning. The aggregate loss is \$50,000, with an insurance of \$60,000. The fire originated in the planing mill from causes unknown. MONTEREY, Mex., May 15.-The La

Fama cotton mills, situated near here, have

been destroyed by fire. They were the largest in northern Mexico. Loss, \$125,000.

PROVISIONAL

MINERS AND OPERATORS AGREE ON A TEMPORARY CONTRACT.

indiana Bituminous Coal Diggers Wil Work Until July 15-Virginia Mili-

tia Still at Pocahontas.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal, TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 15.-The Indiana bituminous operators and miners signed an agreement this evening. The operators this morning submitted a proposition which was accepted after a day of controversy over the last clause. The miners object to the provision that the scale to be agreed to July 10 should not be higher than the price for last year, 60 cents. The agreement is binding on all bituminous operators, except those of the Clinton field and those on the C. & E. I. Brazil branch. The men are to work till July 15 at last year's prices and conditions, and representatives of miners and operators are to meet in secure to this field its legitimate trade, but such price shall not be greater than that paid during the past year.

A Coal Operators' Strike. RICHMOND, Va., May 15 .- Governor O'Ferrall returned from Pocahontas to-day. more than ever convinced that there would be trouble of the most serious character at that place, but for the presence of the miliary. "Just look at the situation," said There were from four to six thousand striking miners from West Virginia, com-posed largely of Hungarians, Poles and other foreigners coming into Pocahontas to force the men in their mines to go out. Of course the authorities would have been powerless, and that there would have been rioting and destruction of property and loss of life, is certain. I have great sympathy with the West Virginia miners," he went "They have been badly treated and they are being made the cat's-paw of the coal operators, for," added the Governor, with emphasis, "this is a coal operators"

This evening the Governor said that as result of the strike industries all along the Norfolk & Western lines are shut down. and thousands of people are thus thrown out of employment. The Governor was going to relieve from duty the Roanoke Ma chine Works Guards, a company composed of workingmen from those shops, but has left them on duty, on their own petition, as they preferred to remain as soldiers to going aome to be idle.

Western Federation of Miners. DENVER, Col., May 15 .- The most important work accomplished in many years in the interest of organized labor has been consummated by the convention of the Western Federation of miners. The coal miners' unions, representing thousands of men in several Western and Northwestern States, were admitted to memberhsip in the federation. The step was made without any extended discussion and the proposition was carried by a heavy majority. The result of this action will be that the federation, which now has over 40,000 member will be greatly increased in numbers and financial standing. The trouble in Crippl Creek last year was a serious drain on th order, but still it is said that the organization has a surplus of over a half million lollars. By the new arrangement all the States and Territories as far east as Kansas and all north, south and west of Colorado will be included in one head.

Carnegie's Advance in Wages. PITTSBURG, Pa., May 15.-The 10 per cent. advance granted by the Carnegie company yesterday has caused much talk in steel circles here, and it is believed it will force a similar increase in the steel mills all over the country. An official of the Carnegie company made a statement to that effect to-day, saying that all mills on similar work would have to give the same advance, as they could not afford to stand a strike at the present time. member of the Sheet Manufacturing Association said all steel men would be forced to advance their workmen. He stated that this would force the Illinois Steel Company to grant the demands of the men. Manufacturers claim the advance is not justified by present market conditions,

advance in the price of rails, billets and plates inside of the next thirty days. Trains Searched by Miners. MASSILLON, O., May 15.-Trains empty coal cars from the Wheeling & Lake Erie's Massillon yards were sent to the Ohio river to-day to be returned West with West Virginia coal. A crowd of 500 miners stopped a freight train on that road between Dillonvale and Laurelton and swarmed over the train in search of contraband coal, but none was found. The crowd left vowing that no nonunion coal should go through the district. Trouble is feared if an attempt is made to haul it.

and that there will have to be a genera

Carlisle Cannot Change His Plans. CINCINNATI, May 15 .- The Chamber of Commerce, with great unanimity, to-day directed President Glenn to write Hon. John G. Carlisle to address the members on the subject of sound money when he makes his Western trip. Secretary Carlisle to-night telegraphed: "I cannot deviate from the programme announced, and am compelled to decline your invitation."

Will Not Sign the Scale. PITTSBURG, May 15 .- All the men Oliver's Tenth-street mill went out to-day because the company would not sign the amalgamated scale. The company is willing to pay more than the amalgamated rate, but will not sign the scale, because that would bring the works under the rules of the Amalgamated Association.

Miners Return to Work. SPRINGFIELD, III., May 15.—The miners who were out on a strike at the Wilmington and Springfield Coal Company's shaft of this city, have returned to work at the operators prices of 35 cents per car of 2,700 pounds. This is the lowest wages paid in

the county to miners. SLOP-FED CATTLE.

Report of a Special Committee Ap-

pointed by the Illinois Legislature. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 15 .- Senator Morrison, chairman of the special committee of five members of the Illinois Legislature, appointed to investigate the feeding of cattle on distillery slops, to-day submitted a report signed by all members of the committee. The report says: "The committee recommends legislation that will prohibit the feeding of wet refuse from breweries, distilleries or factories to animals. It recommends this, having in view the public health. Refuse taken from breweries loaded on freight cars and shipped in hot weather, sours and ferments, and in that condition is not a food which should be fed to cattle giving mtlk. In this condition germ life is rampant and bacilli rapidly form. Taken into the animal, the principal secretion, milk, must is affected. That milk brought to the of population and a very large proportion of it fed to the most delicate human organism, the infant, and sets up pathological conditions which largely increase the death

The committee also recommends legislation which will absolutely prohibit the feeding of animals in large numbers on the premises of distilleries. The report says: "Packed in foul sheds, the animals constantly deteriorate, becomes diseased and are scattered over the country, producing all the complaints which insufficient and poisoned food can bring about in the budding life and delicate tissues of innocent children, All possible evil being done in this manner, the animal is sold and slaughtered, and in order that none may escape, diseased meat is spread out over a healthy community, bringing pestilence and possibly death. When the secretary finished reading the report, Mr. Morrison moved a special order for consideration next Tuesday, Mr. Niehaus, of Peorla, objected to this. He said the matter affected large interests in this district, and he thought the Senate should have ample time to study the report. He, therefore, moved as a substitute that it be presented and made a special order for one week from to-day. Morrison agreed to this,

and it was so ordered.

Kershner Court-Martial. BROOKLYN, May 15 .- Dr. Kershner resumed the witness chair to-day on the reassembling of the navy court-martlal, which is trying him for insubordination and perjury. His counsel, Mr. Hinsdale, asked him several questions as to the charges made against him by Admiral Meade and

Captain Evans. The witness said that he felt very much grieved at the charges made, as there was no foundation for them. He did not consider he was violat-ing any rule of the service by writing to Surgeon-general Tryon, as the latter was his superior officer. Dr. Kershner said his reason for writing to Dr. Tryon was that the Surgeon-general would see the Secre-tary of the Navy and explain the whole

CUBA'S INSURRECTION

SEVERAL TOWNS AND FORTS AT-TACKED BY THE REVOLUTIONISTS.

Ex-Captain-General Callejo's Promises-Telegrams and Letters Suppressed by Spanish Censors.

HAVANA, May 15 .- Important revelations have just been made regarding the action of General Calleja, who was Captaingeneral of Cuba, previous to the landing of Marshal Martinez De Campos. It appears that General Calleja, at the commencement of the revolution, lamented the outbreak this city Wednesday, July 19 to make a and sent a telegraphic message to General price for the rest of the scale year that will | Capriles, who was then Governor of Santiago de Cuba, instructing the latter to call on various persons to remember their promise not to revolt so long as he was governing the island and also to inform them that if they acted up to their promise in this respect it would be favorable to their private interests. Two transports, having on board additional troops from Spain, had ar-

rived at Bayamo. The insurgents recently attacked the fort at Cristo, but after keeping up a heavy fire for some time they were obliged to retire. The garrison lost one man killed. The loss of the rebels is not known. The village of Palestine, near Doscaminos, has been destroyed by rebels, who set fire to it. The rebels have also attacked several stores at Tiarriba and burned them. They also made an attempt to capture Doscaminos, but were repulsed for the second time. At Teurto the rebels burned several houses. Rodriguez, one of the rebel leaders, has placed himself at the head of twenty men who formerly belonged to the band of Carlos Castillo, which, as announced in these dis patches yesterday, was dispersed by the Spanish troops.

Work on the extension of the Bayamo railroad, which now runs between that place and Manzanillo, will soon be commence and it is expected that Bayamo and Holguin will eventually be joined by rail, thus giving a road right across the province of Santiago de Cuba. The story that Maximo Gomez recently made an attack on Guaimaro with a force of 3,000 cavalry is classed by the Spanish authorities as being entirely unture. The Spanish troops have captured the celebrated bandit, Juan Estrand. Millan, a deserter from Maceo's band, after travel ing nine days, has reached Cruces and is surrendering, with his followers, to the Spanish authorities. Others of the rebel and are following this example.

CUBAN NEWS STPPRESSED.

Spanish Censors at Work-Soldiers in Pursuit of Maceo.

NEW YORK, May 15 .- A dispatch to the World from Santiago, Cuba, says: "It is almost impossible to get accurate news of the revolution to the United States. Information sent out by mail and telegraph is suppressed by government censors, who are acting under instructions. From news brought by men from the interior provinces, it appears that all the eastern end of the island, with the exception of garrisoned towns, is at the mercy of predatory bands of insurgents. They are prowling around within six miles of the city of Santiago and the Spanish soldiers are afraid of them The village of Caney, only five miles from here, has been attacked by a band of insurgents under the leadership of Victoriano Garcons. The inhabitants fled in terror. government troops are in close pursuit of Maceo, who is continually obliged to change his headquarters. He has just camped on a coffee plantation in the mountains between here and Guantanamo. He managed to hold a consultation there with his first lieutenants and the representatives of nearly six thousand armed followers. He assigned them to duty at different parts of the province, but retained two thousand men to act under his personal direction Recruits are coming in faster than he can provide arms for them. Maceo threatens to burn the towns of San Luis, Songo and Christo because the Spaniards are using them as a base of supplies. Maceo seems to be conducting his campaign in small towns along the line of the railways. In these guerilla skirmishes the Spaniards have met with small losses so far. The soldiers are persistent in their effort to put down the

Town Captured by Rebels. NEW YORK, May 15 .- The recent attack and capture of the town of Banes by the Cuban revolutionists was confirmed by one of the passengers of the little fruit steamer Brixham, which arrived to-day from Gibana. The insurgents, numbering three hundred men made a bold attack on the town on May 7, and captured it with but with little resistance.

NOT BADLY DAMAGED.

Michigan Peaches Survived the Frost of the Past Few Days. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., May 15.-Railroads with general connections here are largely interested in the prospects of the fruit crops. To-day special efforts have been made to obtain reliable information in regard to the effect of the frost, and advices from all points on the lines within the peach belt, show that the injury is very light, except at points more than thirty from the lake. Corn and vegetables killed in the central part of the State, but it is not too late to replant. There was no frost in the peach belt last night, and, as the temperature was forty five degrees at 9 o'clock to-night, eight degrees higher than at the same hour last night, further damage is not expected.

Damage Will Be Heavy. ST. LOUIS, May 15.-Monday night's frost has caused more damage than was at first anticipated. Reports from the various fruit and vegetable regions in Missouri and lilinois indicate that hundreds of thousands of dollars' damage has been done. It is estimated that the entire local grape crop has been destroyed. The local apple crop has also received a severe setback. The usually immense potato crop of the Illinois bottoms was sadly wrecked. Most all garden truck was killed.

No Apples and Peaches. HUNTINGTON, W. Va., May 15.-Reports from the counties of Lincoln, Logan, Boone, Wyoming and McDowell say the heavy frost of last night destroyed the apple and peach crops. All cereals and vegetables are badly damaged. Two Inches of Snow.

CINCINNATI, O., May 15 .- Dispatches today report two inches of snow at Bucyrus, O., and at Richmond, Ky. The snow seems to have been local to the vicinity of these two cities.

Snow in Wisconsin. MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 15 .- Snow fell at Janesville, Plainfield, Baraboo, Reedsburg and Monroe in southern Wisconsin to-

Forecast for Thursday. WASHINGTON, May 15 .- For Ohio and Indiana-Fair in northern; showers in southern portions; northerly winds. For Illinois-Fair in northern; showers in southern portions; variable winds, becoming northerly.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

At Philadelphia, yesterday, Eli Williams, clored, aged forty-two years, who lived at No. 129 North Juniper street, attempted to kill his wife and then committed suicide. Several pieces of Chicora wreckage drifted ashore a mile north of Benton Harbor, Mich., indicating that the lost steamer lies in shallow water somewhere off that place. Frederick Haukohl, city treasurer of Man-itowoc, Wis., shot himself through the head yesterday. Haukohl was re-elected city treasurer last spring by the largest majority ever given to a Republican.

No Prize-Fighting in Virginia.

RICHMOND, Va., May 15 .- Governor O'Ferrall says there will be no prize fighting in Virginia. He was asked to-day about a recent rumor in Washington that the proposed fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons would be pulled off at Jackson City. He laughed at the idea, and said the people might rest assured there would be no such exhibition in Virginia so long as he was Governor.

Schooner and Crew Lost. CHICAGO, May 15 .- All doubt that the schooler Kate Kelly was lost in Monday's schools of every grade, some of which cost storm was removed to-day, when the tug immense sums of money. The injustice of this was so manifest that the whole academ-

Highest of all in Leavening Power .- Latest U.S. Gov't Report

## al Baking ABSOLUTELY PURE

bearing the schooner's name. The Kelly left Sheboygan Monday night for Chicago with a cargo of ties, Captain Hatch and a crew crew was lost, as the wreckage found by the Charm indicates that the boat was pounded to pieces. The schooner Vosges, which was one of the list of missing boats, arrived safely in Pay City to-day.

CORBETT EXCITED.

Enough to Fight Jackson and All the English Chappies.

CHICAGO, May 15 .- "If the National Sporting Club of London will give a purse of any amount from a farthing to 65,000 l will box Peter Jackson for it in the arena," hotly declared champion James J. Corbett to-night. "The London club is made up of a lot of first-class snobs, whose only claim to recognition is the possession of a lot of titles, many of which no self-respecting man would care to carry. I have been there, and know what I am talking about. They are the flimsiest excuses for men and sportsmen that ever disgraced a community." And the big Californian's eyes blazed as he heaped execrations on the devoted heads of the Queen's nobility.

The champion was angry through and through while discussing the latest phase in the pugilistic situation. Jackson's remarks and the refusal of the National Sporting Club to give a purse for him and Cor-bett was what particularly raised the lat-ter's ire and when asked if he would pay any attention to the club's demand for an apology he could scarcely contain himself. "What, apologize to that crowd?" he demanded. "Never, for they owe me more of an apology than I do them. It is the most ridiculous thing I ever heard of. They, the titled swells of English aristocracy, can never make me believe they are half so manly or honest in their intentions as I am and I refuse to pay the slightest attention to them unless they wish to bring about a meeting between Jackson and myself. I had not the slightest idea that the snobs over there would refuse me a purse, for there was not the slightest pretext on which to hang such a suspicion. I do not speak boastfully when I say that Jackson and I would be the greatest card the sporting world has ever had, in a box office sense, and I did not suppose the National chappies would turn me down because, according to them, I owe their organization an apology. Its members profess to think that Jackson would have an easy time defeating me and have been so out-spoken in their dislike of me and friendship for the black man that I declined to treat with them, my friends fearing I would not be given an even chance.
"I am willing to allow them to witness Jackson slaughter me, and will sacrifice myself eagerly that they may gaze upon my humiliation at the hands of the Australian. I'll do that just to be obstinate, because, in view of recent developments, I cannot be-

apology, which I have too much self-re-spect and dignity to offer to such a crowd for a fancied offense."

lieve that they want to see me box in London. My offer is this: I will meet their

man, for such he is, in September, if Fitzsimmons and I do not get a battle ground, for any purse they may put up, on their own terms, and in their own arena,

That ought to be sufficient, without an

WASHINGTON'S SICK LIST. Hon. Hugh McCulloch Slightly Better -Rear Admiral Almy Dying.

WASHINGTON, May 15.-Hon. Hugh Mc-Culloch, formerly Secretary of the Treasury, slept easily last night and is resting quietly to-day. His condition on the whole shows a slight improvement though he is critically ill.

Secretary Gresham slept well during the first part of the night, but was very restless in the morning hours. There is no marked change in his condition. Representative - Cogswell's condition remains unchanged.

General Casey is slightly better. Miss Dodge "Gail Hamilton" rested well last night and is about the same. Representative Hitt did not rest as well as usual last night. There is no decided change in his condit The condition of Rear Admiral Almy was much worse this morning. He is eighty years of age and his family is apprehensive that the end is quite near. Though he rallied a little in the afternoon it is thought he cannot survive another twenty-four

INDIANA UNIVERSITY.

"U. L. See" Tells Why the State Should Cease to Pay Its Expenses.

To the Editor of the Indianapolis Journal: It is not an hour too early for the taxpayers of Indiana to look squarely in the face of the act of the late Legislature, which not only levies a burdensome tax upon them for the present demands of our so-called State University, but makes futher larger assessments inevitable. If there was any adequate compensation for this to be seen as the results of past appropriations or to be hoped for in the future the case would be different. It is plain that not one in ten of the taxpayers, if one in a hundred, approves this, and it certainly is not a case in which the superior intelligence of the few is justifiable in voting burdens upon the many. To a large extent our system of hasty legislation is responsible for the blunder. No time is allowed for deliberation. Of the 150 legislators, not ten were familiar with the history of the university, and no time could be taken for investigation. Under these conditions the Legislature was at the mercy of the well trained lobby of cultured gentlemen whose biennial visits to the capital have made them masters of the art. They put up at our best hotels and the State pays the bills through the funds it provides for the university, and one or more of them is on hands from the first day of the session to propound and answer questions, so that for more than fifty years appropriations have been made, every succeeding one larger than the preceding, until now, emboldened by the past success, they have levied a special tax upon every chicken and cow in the State, as well as upon every foot of land, with the assurance that this is but the beginning. What the end shall be no human here can foresee. The present amount, probably not over \$100,000 annually, is not of itself so great; but what of the future? Every one knows that this small amount will be practically wasted unless it is followed in the future by many

anachronism which should have been buried with its twin sister, internal improvements, at the expense of the State. It is not an uninteresting or an unsignificant historic fact that the thought of conducting a State institution of learning and that of building a road from Madison, on the Ohio, to Lake Michigan, and a canal from Lake Erie to Evansville, on the Ohio, were born of the same parentage and so nearly the same day that they may be called twins. The necessity of roads and canals was felt just as was felt the necessity of education, and the poverty and inexperience of the people suggested the State as the proper person to undertake both. But from one canal the scheme soon took in a half a dozen, and from one road a dozen or more soon sprang to the front, and yet there were hundreds of localities that had to build their own roads or do without. The injustice of taxing those who had to build their own roads for the purpose of building some bigger but no better road by the State soon became apparent; besides, the burdens soon became unbearable, and the whole system collapsed, leaving miles of unfinished ditches where canals were intended, with millions of bonds which had to be paid by the hardest work. Who ever now thinks of the ownership of roads and canals by the State except that enterprising class which pays no taxes and seldom rides on a railroad?

The history of the education twin sister

is an exact parallel to this, except that the

State University and its branches yet re-

main a leach upon the treasury, still cry-

ing "give! give!" The fostering of a college

at Bioomington made it necessary sixty

years ago to undertake a branch college in

every county. Meanwhile the people had to provide for their local wants by private schools of every grade, some of which cost

The truth is this whole business is an

times as much.

ic system was abandoned and a system inaugurated which should supply every child of the State with equal advantages. The taxation was at once made sufficient to reach the poorest as well as the richest, hence whenever any one grade of public school superseded the private school it rendered the private school unnecessary by its own ample provisions, and individuals and corporations whose school plants were rend-ered useless by the overshadowing public

school acquiesced. But the case is quite different with the collegiate grade of education. The absolute necessities of the situation have compei the founding of more than a dozen insti-tutions of college grade, some of which have long ranked the State college in everything but plenty of money. Now the State University does not propose to supply the demand for college work. At the per capita expense of what it does supply, a militon a year would not foot the bills. Why, then, should those who have been compelled to found colleges or do without them be taxed to maintain a State college that is no bet-ter than their own, while supporting a college which the inability of the State has made a necessity?

It is worse than nonsense to claim that our university is a part of our magnificent educational system. It is nothing of the sort. This contemplates and provides for the education, as far as it goes, of every child; that does not and cannot, hence the necessity of so many private colleges. The wis-dom of the State's educating professional men is more than questionable, but need not enter into this discussion at all. It is enough to say that our so-called State University is for the few, and only for the few, no matter what its claims are. It is equally nonsense to claim that we need a university at all. We do not. With the Chicago University with its present \$10,-000,000 and the prospect of another \$10,000,000 in the near future, as accessible to more than half of Indiana as Bloomington is we need no duplicate in Indiana, even it a duplicate were possible, and nothing less than a duplicate should be attempted. The stubborn fact which the taxpayers of Indiana should confront heroically and now is that our State University is a burden they are not able to carry and that they should not carry, even if able, and that it is a burden which will continue to grow in the future as in the past. What then? There is but one wise thing possible, and that is to do with what remains of our original defunct educational scheme just what we did with its twin sister, our internal improvement scheme-abandon it at once and give what there is of it to anyone who will take it and run it, releasing the State from further expense in a field for which it has no adaptness. This seems hard; so did the former, especially to those along the lines of the abandoned roads and canals, but this has to be done, just as that had to be and for the same reason. The people will never consent to be taxed for a system of education in which they can have no interest.

U. L. SEE. Indianapolis, May 13.

New Burial-Case Association.

CLEVELAND, O., May 15 .- The National Burial Case Association was formed in this city to-day by the amalgamation of the old national organization and the Eastern Burial Case Association. Officers were elected as follows: President, O. D. Bryant, of Cincinnati; vice president, C. Chappell, of New York; treasurer, A. R. Betts, of Cincinnati. The secretary will be chosen to-morrow. The main object the combination is to regulate prices. Two hundred factories where burial cases are made are in the association, comprising 75 per cent. of all in the country.

Movements of Steamers.

NEW YORK, May 15 .- Arrived: Circassia, from Glasgow; Majestic, from Liverpool; Werra, from Genoa. LIVERPOOL, May 15.-Arrived: Galia, rom Boston; Sardinian, from Montreal;

Teutonic, from New York. GLASGOW, May 15 .- Arrived: Furnessia, from New York. LONDON, May 15 .- Arrived: Michigan, from Baltimore

BREMEN. May 15 .- Arrived: Weimar, from Baltimore.

A Massillon Bank Closed. MASSILLON, O., May 15.—Great appre-hension is felt because the German De-posit Bank was closed this morning. It was explained that the bank was controlled absolutely by the late P. G. Albright, who died without leaving a will. There was, therefore, no authority for continuing the business until an administrator could be appointed. J. D. Wetter will be put in charge by the Probate Court. Relatives say that Albright died perfectly solvent and

that depositors need fear nothing. Chicago Society Belle Wedded. CHICAGO, May 15 .- News reached here to-day of the marriage at Raton, N. M., of Miss Ray Wilmarth, a Chicago society girl, and Beauregard Lee, a relation of Gen. Robert Lee. Miss Wilmarth went to Raton several months since for her health. and there formed young Lee's acquaint-ance. The girl's father played the usual stern parent role and brought his daughter

but she did not stay long, disappear-

ried to Lee in Raton.

ing suddenly, and soen afterward was mar-

Philadelphia Press. The President's effort to elevate jour-nalism is commendable, but if his efforts are no more effectual than the attempts of many journals to elevate him on to a higher plane of American statesmanship we are afraid the newspapers will have to

worry along as they are. Freight Agent Convicted. PITTSBURG, May 15 .- General Freight Agent Wright, of the B. & O. road, was found guilty, in the United States District Court, to-day, of violating the intestatecommerce law in granting freight rebates to F. H. Bruenning on goods shipped from

BARRED FROM WISCONSIN.

Tribe of Ben-Hur Refused Permission to Operate There.

A dispatch from Madison, Wis., says Insurance Commissioner Fricke yesterday refused the application of the Supreme Tribe of Ben-Hur Fraternal Life Insurance Association, of Crawfordsville, Ind., to do business in Wisconsin for the reason that the association was not organized two years prior to the application, as required by Wisconsin laws. The certificate of the Indiana Insurance Commission stated that the association had been organized two years, but an examination of the articles of incor-poration, it is said, showed that the company was incorporated Jan. 9, 1894.

Illness Postpones a Wedding. Harry Fletcher, clerk at the Denison Hotel, was to have been married yesterday to Miss Chatham Carson, of Frankfort. A dispatch from that city last night stated that a message was received there yesterday morning announcing that the wedding would have to be postponed on account of the serious illness of Mr. Fletcher's mother,

Patrolman Ballard has been assigned to the North Indianapolis district.

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Wrought-iron Pipe for Gas, Steam and Water. Boiler Tubes, Castan'i Malle-able fron Pittings (black and galvanized). Valves, Stop Cods, Engine Trimming. Figure Trimining.
Figure Gauges, Pipe Touge.
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Plates and Dies, Wreterbee.
Steam Traps, Pumps, Kitchen Sinks, Hose, Belting, Baubut Metal. Solder, White and
Colored Wiring Wasts, and
all other Supplies used in

Supplies a specialty. Steamheating Apparatus for Pub-lic Bulldings, Store-rooms, Mills, Sheps, Factories, Laun-dries, Lumber Dry-Houses, cic. Cut and Thread to or-der any size Wrought-Iren Pipe, from 15 inch to 12 tuches diameter.

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